

# Classroom activity 5 - Place of Study, jobs & describing states in the past

Grade: GESE Grade 3 (CEFR A2)

Focus: School days and old jobs. This classroom activity is suitable for both young and adult

learners.

Time: 65 minutes

## Aims:

To practise understanding and using of lexis: Place of Study & Jobs

- To practise understanding and using of past tense of the verb to be
- ▶ To familiarise students with the exam format
- To read an example of a conversation with an examiner
- To learn/review lexis to talk about subject areas at school
- To learn/review past tense of the verb to be
- To talk about your past at school

#### Materials needed:

- One copy of <u>Worksheet 1</u>, <u>Worksheet 2</u>, <u>Worksheet 3</u> and <u>Worksheet 4</u> for each student. Where appropriate, students can type directly onto the PDFs.
- Worksheet 5 to use as question cards in the lesson

# **Preparation**

1. Decide how to do task 2. If reading is too challenging for your group, you could follow the suggestion in the 'Read an example of the exam' task of recording an audio version.

## In class

#### **Brainstorm** (10 minutes)

- 1. Tell the students you're going to talk about school. Give them 2 minutes to think of as many school subjects in English, eg maths, science, English etc as they can. If your students are working on writing too, they can write the words, if not they can think of them.
- 2. After, elicit ideas from each group and offer support with examples which contain errors or are mispronounced. Write the examples in the chat box and check students understand the subjects. For example, for history we can ask: 'Do we learn about the past?'

# Read an example of the exam (5 minutes)

- 1. Tell the students they're going to read part of a conversation in the GESE Grade 3 exam. Tell them to read and note down any examples of school subjects from the conversation which are also written in the chat box (from the brainstorming task). Ask students to download <a href="Worksheet 1">Worksheet 1</a> and to find any school subjects in the conversation. Confirm the answers, modelling pronunciation and getting students to repeat if you hear any issues.
- 2. If your students don't have the reading level to do the task, it could be done as a listening task. The best way to use it would be to get two colleagues to act out the conversation while the teacher records it on a phone.

#### Read again (10 minutes)

- 1. Ask students to download Worksheet 2, and ask them to read the statements on it and decide if they are true according to the conversation on Worksheet 1. Allow up to 5 minutes for this.
- 2. Confirm the answers, modelling pronunciation and getting students to repeat if you hear any issues. Make sure your students understand the meaning of 'was' and 'were' in the conversation. You could ask them 'How do I say it to talk about now?' eg 'I am happy'. You could ask them 'Do I say it about tomorrow or yesterday?' Get the students to practise saying 'was' and 'were'. Focus on the way 'were' sounds before 'you' eg /wəju:/.



# Learn/review school subjects (10 minutes)

- 1. Ask the students to download Worksheet 3 and ask them to match the words with the pictures.
- 2. Finally, go through the answers with the group, writing them in the chat box and checking they understand exactly what the subjects are. Spend a few moments modelling and drilling any words the students are having problems with.

# Learn/review jobs (10 minutes)

- 1. Ask the students to download Worksheet 4 and give them a few minutes to match the words with the pictures.
- 2. Finally, go through the answers with the group, writing them in the chat box and checking they understand exactly what the subjects are. Spend a few moments modelling and drilling any words the students are having problems with.

# Practise talking about school and old jobs (10 minutes)

- 1. Use Worksheet 5 to prepare a set of question cards.
- 2. Choose a student and show them one of the question cards. The student should read the question on the card and answer them as quickly as possible.
- 3. Repeat so that every student has had a chance to read and answer at least one question. Make notes of good and less successful uses of the language studied in this lesson to focus on in feedback.

#### Feedback (10 minutes)

- 1. The teacher writes down five or six things in the chat box which they noted down when monitoring. Then give the students a few minutes to discuss what they think is wrong with the sentences.
- 2. If a word has been mispronounced, the teacher highlights this in a different colour to make sure the students think about the way to say the words correctly.
- 3. As the teacher monitors, they notice who is managing to correct the sentences, or pronounce the words correctly, to nominate in feedback.
- 4. Finally, the teacher elicits correct answers from the group and writes the correct versions in the chat box, modelling the correct pronunciation, and asking the students to repeat the words a few times.

# **Extension activity**

More confident students could do the speaking practice task with no question cards to focus their attention on asking simple questions too.

# Further support activity

Weaker students could use the images on the Worksheets 3 and 4 as flashcards during the speaking practice task. They could work in a separate group and practise turning over the cards and saying the words instead of full sentences.

## After class

Students could write a short writing task at home about the jobs and schools they did before and how they felt.

## **Answers**

# Worksheet 2

- 1. The examiner wasn't happy at school.
- 2. Religious studies was a good subject for Antonio. ✓
- 3. Maths was a good subject for Antonio.
- 4. Antonio was at university. ✓
- 5. Antonio was a teacher at university.

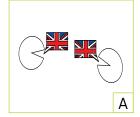


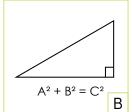
# Worksheet 3 – School subjects

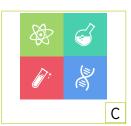












Worksheet 4 – Jobs















